

PIAAC: A New Design for a New Era

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PIAAC PIAAC

Overview

- Brief history of large scale assessments
- What is PIAAC
- Why it is important
- Possibilities for extending the methodology



Brief History of Large Scale Assessments

Pre 1980

1980 - 2010

2010 to present

Classical test theory

IEA NAEP Item Response Theory

NAEP
PIRLS
TIMSS
IALS/ALL
PISA

Item response theory (plus computer based adaptive testing)

PIAAC PISA 2015



What is PIAAC?

- which countries participate
- what is assessed
- how is the survey carried out



Round 1 Participating Countries

Some 166,000 people representing more than 724,000,000 adults in 24 countries/economies ages 16-65 participated in the survey.

2013



Which countries participate? Round 1 Countries Round 2 Countries

Australia

Austria

Belgium

Canada

Cyprus

Czech Republic

Denmark

Estonia

Finland

France

Germany

Ireland

Italy

Japan

Korea, Rep of

Netherlands

Norway

Poland

Russian Federation

Slovak Republic

Spain

Sweden

United Kingdom

United States

Chile

Greece

Indonesia

Israel

Lithuania

New Zealand

Singapore

Slovenia

Turkey

Round 3 being planned to include retesting in some Round 1 countries



What Does PIAAC Assess?

The cognitive instruments were offered in 32 languages/versions while the context questionnaire was offered in 36 languages/versions

- Numeracy
- Problem Solving in Technology Rich Environments



Role of the Background Questionnaire

- Report Results to Policy Makers and Others
- Contribute to the Understanding of Observed Distributions
- Psychometric Modeling of the Data



PIAAC Back Questionnaire Sections

A: General Info F: Skills used at work (JRA)

B: Past Education and current Ed. & Training G: Literacy, Numeracy, ICT at work

C: Current Status and Work History H: Literacy, Numeracy, ICT at home

D: Current work (if applicable)

I: About yourself

E: Last Job (past 12 mo. if no current job)

J: Background



PIAAC vs IALS and ALL in the US

IALS	ALL	PIAAC	
		Reading Components	
Reading	Reading Literacy		
Quantitative			
	Numeracy	Numeracy	
		PS in TRE	



Why reading components?

- There are varying percentages of adults in each country who demonstrate little if any literacy skills.
- Studies done in the US and Canada show that many of these adults have weak component skills, which are essential in the development of literacy and numeracy skills.
- Moreover, low literate adults have a differential mix of skills.



Why literacy and numeracy?

- Literacy and numeracy are foundational skills; the skills on which others are built, allowing individuals to develop the human capital they will need to meet changing workforce and societal demands.
- Data show that these skills are important to workforce participation, participation in lifelong learning, keeping abreast of social and political events and, more recently, to health outcomes.
- Literacy and numeracy are not interchangeable. They measure different skills and they correlate with outcomes differently.

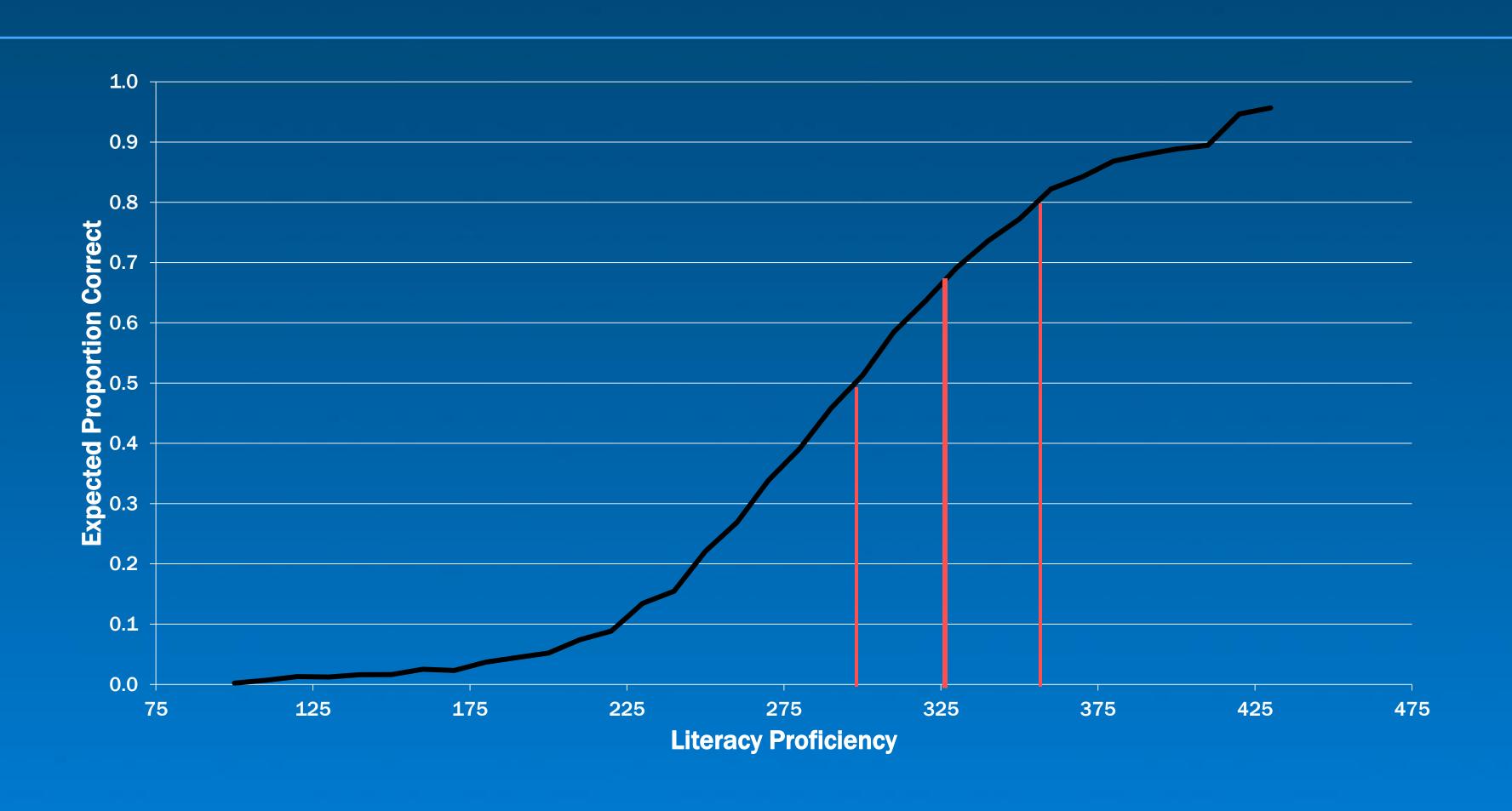


Why computer-based measures?

- As we move into the 21st century, a broadened view of literacy that includes skills and knowledge related to ICT is increasingly seen as an essential component of human capital.
- Cisco Systems estimates there are now 10 billion Internet-connected devices in the world, meaning Internet devices now outnumber human beings.
- Being able to solve problems in technology rich environments will be required of almost everyone wishing to participate fully in modern societies



Association of Literacy Proficiency with Expected Scores in PSTRE





How is PIAAC carried out?

- PIAAC is administered in <u>face-to-face interviews</u> in the homes of nationally representative samples of adults
- The primary mode of delivery is <u>laptop computers</u>
- Adults who are unable to use a computer are provided with a paper and pencil assessment booklet



Why is this survey important?

• it is the largest and most innovative survey of adults skills ever conducted

 it broadens and complements the type of information that is collected in school based surveys



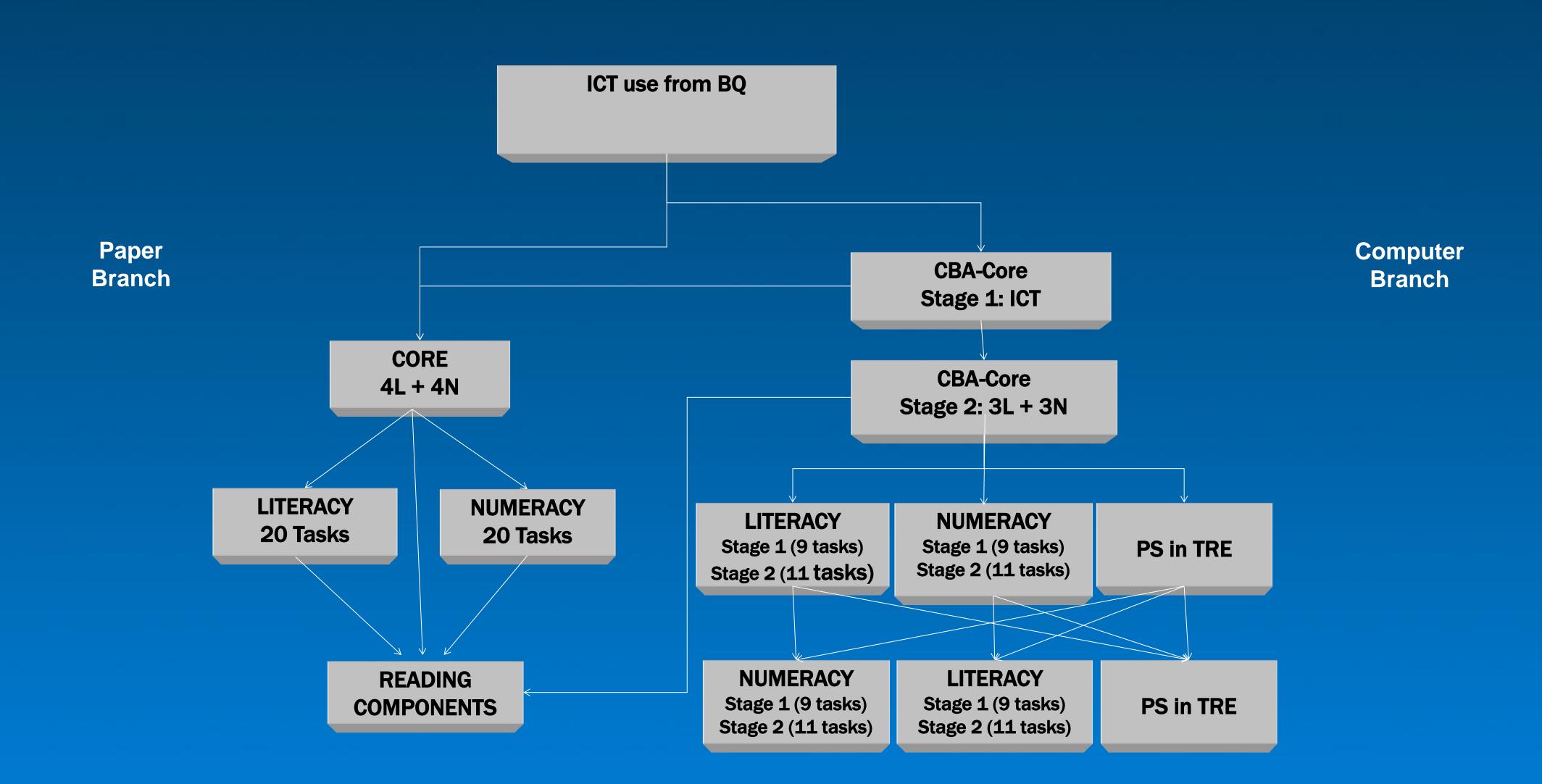
Innovation improved relevance, quality & validity

PIAAC is the first survey of adult skills to ...

- be fully designed as a computer-based assessment
- include a complex design that provides a statistical link over time and across modes
- utilize multi-stage adaptive testing
- include fully automated scoring of open-ended items
- incorporate a broader range of information available in the log files to refine scoring and model proficiency information



PIAAC Main Survey Design



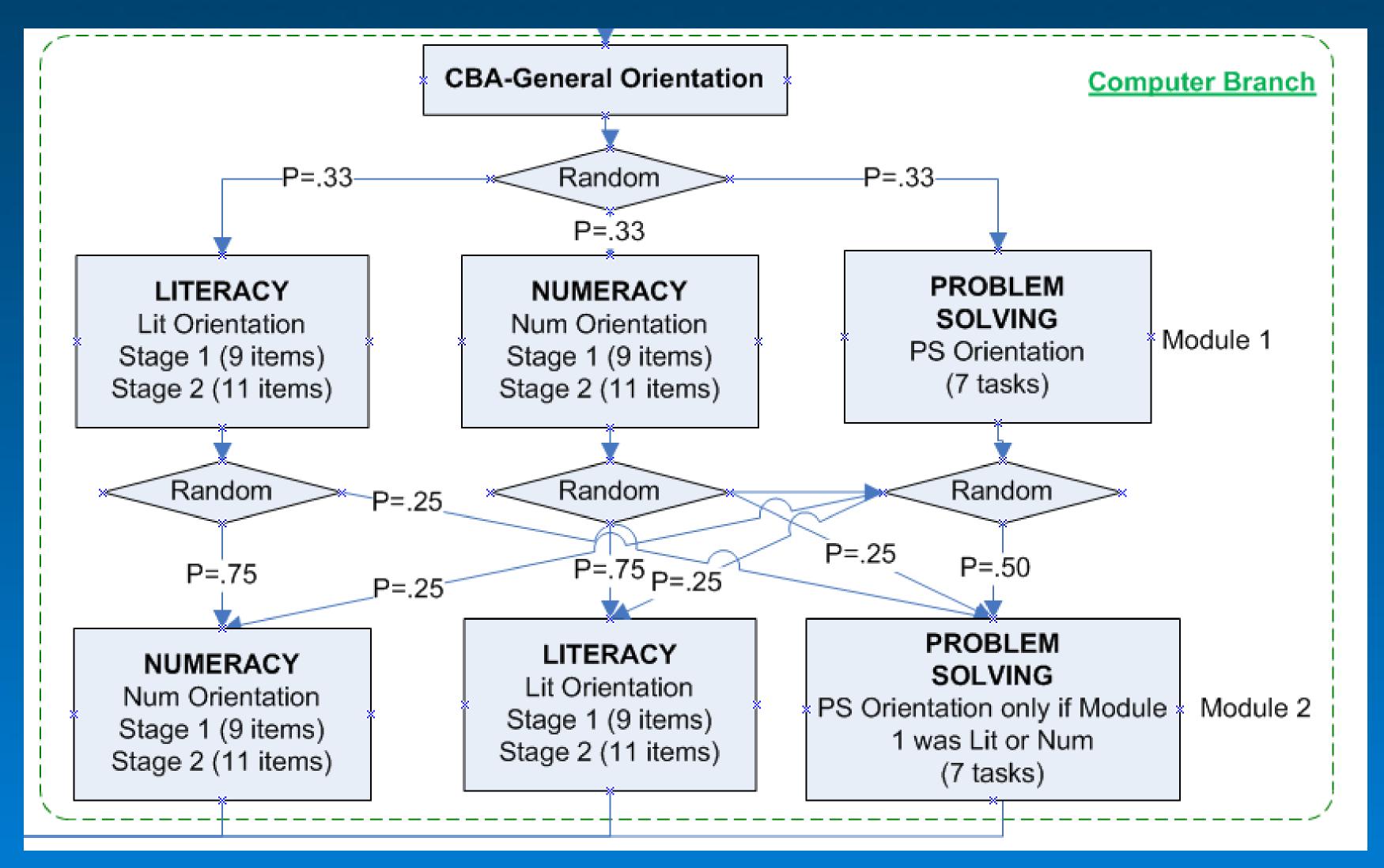


Average Proficiency Scores By Domain and Workflow

	Literacy	Numeracy	PSTRE
No ICT	226	214	
Failed CBA Core	244	229	
Refused CBA	263	249	
CBA	281	279	283



PIAAC Multi-domain Adaptive Testing Design





PIAAC Multi-stage Adaptive Design

	(0-	230)	(230-26	5)	(2	266-300)	(30	0+)
CBA-Core –Stage2 Core	3 it	ems						
Stage 1	Block A1 (0-230)				Block C1 Block 266-300) (300		k D1 0+)	
Stage 1, Testlet 1-1	4 items		5 items					
Stage 1, Testlet 1-2			"		4	4 items		
Stage 1, Testlet 1-3						"	5 ite	ems
Stage 2	Block A2 (0-229)	Block B2 (230)	Block C2 (231-250)	Bloc (251-	k D2 -280)	Block E2 (281-300)	Block F2 (300+)	Block G2 (300+)
Stage 2, Testlet 2-1	6 items	5 items						
Stage 2, Testlet 2-2		66	3 items	3 ite	ems			
Stage 2, Testlet 2-3				•	6	3 items	5 items	
Stage 2, Testlet 2-4							66	6 items



What PIAAC data can tell us

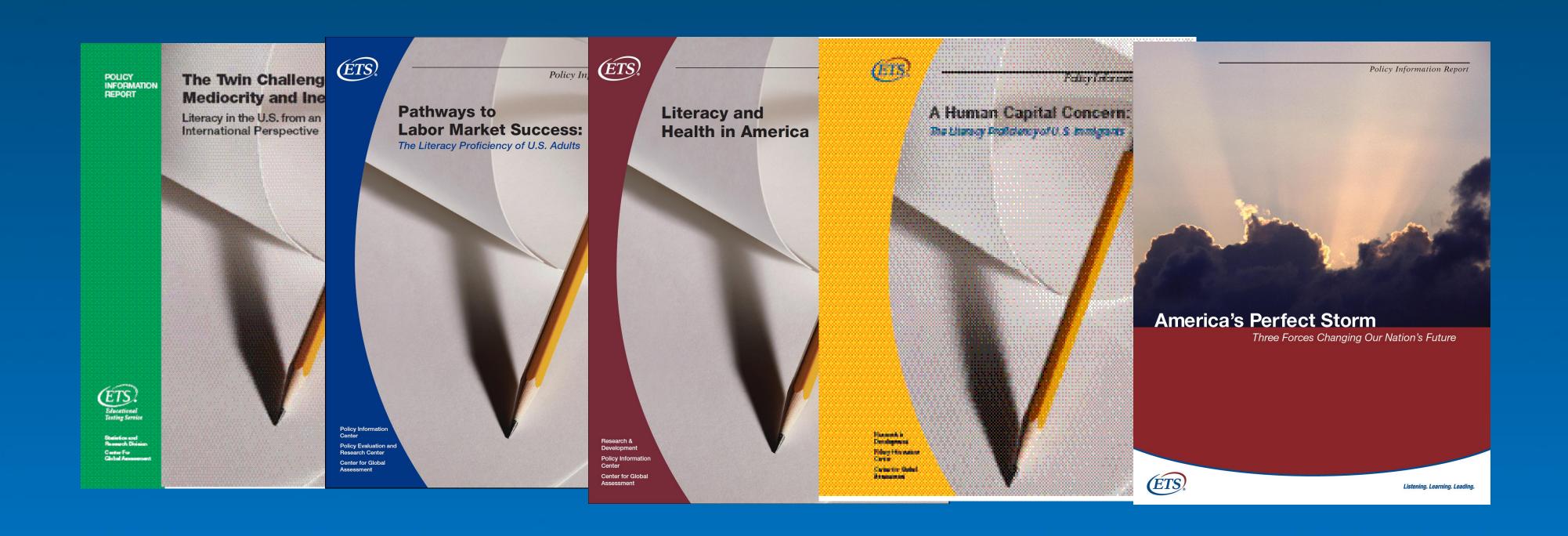
- provide a better understanding of the distributions of key skills and proficiencies both at the national and international levels
- shed light on the extent skills translate into better opportunities for individuals & economies
- help evaluate how effective our education and training systems, and our social and workplace practices are in developing the required skills and proficiencies

Data products

- Data Explorer
- Public Use File (some countries have suppressed or coarsened data)
- Background Questionnaire
- Codebook
- SAS and STATA tools
- IEA Data Analyser
- Technical Report
- Sample items (forthcoming)



Sample Policy Reports Using Large Scale Assessment Data





Questions?



Thank you